NORTH YORK WOMEN'S SHELTER FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH31,2025

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Directors, North York Women's Shelter TORONTO Ontario

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of North York Women's Shelter which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2025 and the statement of operations, statement of changes in net assets, statement of cash flows, and schedule1 - expenses for the yearthen ended and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the entity as at March 31, 2025 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the entity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessingthe entity's ability to continue asa going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the entity's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standardswill alwaysdetect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

PAUL A. SIMPSON, CPA PAUL W. MCMULLEN, CPA MARK D. POTTER, CPA MICHAEL J. MCNEILL, CPA PETER A. SIMPSON, CPA MARC F. CERNELE, CPA ANTHONY G. DILIBERTO, CPA JENNIFER A. STALEY, CPA

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As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

• Identifyandassesstherisksofmaterialmisstatementofthefinancialstatements, whetherduetofraudor error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

• Obtainanunderstandingofinternalcontrolrelevanttotheauditinordertodesignauditproceduresthatare appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control.

• Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and there as on able ness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

• Concludeontheappropriatenessofmanagement'suseofthegoingconcernbasisofaccountingand,based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the entity to cease to continue as a going concern.

• Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

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NORTON McMULLEN LLP Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants MARKHAM, Canada June 24, 2025



NORTH YORK WOMEN'S SHELTER STATEMENTOFFINANCIALPOSITION

As at March 31,

	General Fund		Capital Fund	Total	Total
ASSETS					
Current					
Cash	\$ 28,273	\$	601,296	\$ 629,569	\$ 713,001
Accounts receivable	4,365		-	4,365	-
Investments (Note 2)	788,685		-	788,685	759,417
HST refundable	45,295		10,960	56,255	87,399
Prepaid expenses	26,266		35,261	61,527	61,248
	\$ 892,884	\$	647,517	\$ 1,540,401	 \$ 1,621,065
Capital Assets <i>(Note 3)</i>	 -		12,944,335	12,944,335	 13,688,076
	\$ 892,884	\$ 1	13,591,852	\$ 14,484,736	\$ 15,309,141

LIABILITIES

Current Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 123,115	\$-	\$	123,115	\$ 103,390
Accrued salaries and benefits	24,727	-		24,727	5,534
	\$ 147,842	\$-	\$	147,842	\$ 108,924
	745,042	13,591,852 \$		14,336,894	15,200,217
NET ASSETS					
	\$ 892,884	13,591,852	:	\$ 14,484,736	\$ \$ 15,309,141

Commitments (*Note 4*) Contingent Liability (*Note 8*)

Approved by the Board:

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2025

2024

See accompanying notes

Director

STATEMENTOFCHANGES For the year ended March 31,	433613		2025	2024
	General Fund	Capital Fund	Total	Total
BALANCE - Beginning	\$ 773,055	\$ 14,427,162	\$ 15,200,217	\$ 16,414,787
Deficiency of revenues over expenses	(7,838)	(855,485)	(863,323)	(1,214,570)
Transfers (Note 5)	 (20,175)	20,175		
BALANCE - Ending	\$ 745,042	\$ 13,591,852	\$ 14,336,894	\$ 15,200,217



STATEMENT OFOPERATIONS

For the year ended March 31,

	General Fund		Capital Fund	Total	Total
REVENUES					÷
Grants - government (Note 7) Contributions and corporate grants	\$ 1,984,749	\$	-	\$ 1,984,749	\$ 1,677,342
(Note 7)	298,672		-	298,672	395,453
Foundation grants	232,192		-	232,192	294,764
Rental income	148,966		-	148,966	132,000
Investment income	30,529		13,999	44,528	47,656
Capital campaign contributions					59,855
(Note 7)	-		-	-	<u>\$ 2,607,070</u>
	\$ 2,695,108	\$	13,999	\$ 2,709,107	
EXPENSES					
Staffing (Schedule 1)	\$ 1,756,751	\$	-	\$ 1,756,751	\$ 1,892,655
Property (Schedule 1)	406,228		869,407	1,275,635	1,174,443
Administration (Schedule 1)	412,809		77	412,886	539,327
Residents (Schedule 1)	127,158		-	127,158	113,215
IPAC expenses (Schedule 1)			-		102,000
	\$ 2,702,946	\$	869,484	\$ 3,572,430	\$ 3,821,640
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENSES	\$ (7,838) \$	s	(855,485) \$	(863,323)\$	(1,214,570)

2025

2024

STATEMENTOFCASHFLOWS

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS WERE PROVIDED BY (USED IN):

OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Deficiency of revenues over expenses - general fund	\$	(7,838)	\$ (416,567)
Net change in non-cash working capital balances:			
Accounts receivable		(4,365)	-
HST refundable		36,125	49,314
Prepaid expenses		29,151	(5,844)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		19,725	(48,328)
Accrued salaries and benefits		19,193	(83,991)
Deferred contributions		-	(57)
	\$	91,991	\$ (505,473)
			 <u> </u>
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Increase in investments	\$	(29,268)	\$ (32,403)
Purchase of capital assets		(125,666)	 (68,545)
	\$	(154,934)	\$ (100,948)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Deficiency of revenues over expenses - capital fund	\$	(855,485)	\$ (798,003)
Items not affecting cash:			
Amortization		865,980	869,534
Loss on disposition of capital assets		3,427	2,535
	\$	13,922	\$ 74,066
Net change in non-cash working capital balances:			
HST refundable		(4,981)	14,699
Prepaid expenses		(29,430)	 5,070
	\$	(20,489)	\$ <i>93,83</i> 5
DECREASE IN CASH	\$	(83,432)	\$ (512,586)
CASH - Beginning		713,001	 1,225,587
CASH - Ending	\$	629,569	\$ 713,001
Short Ending	φ	- 1	 -

2025

2024

NOTES TO FINANCIALSTATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2025

NATURE OF OPERATIONS The North York Women's Shelter (the "Organization") was incorporated on

February 10, 1981 under the

Laws of Ontario as a not-for-profit corporation without share capital. In accordance with its charitable objectives, the Organization operates a shelter for women and children who are victims of domestic violence. It is designated as a charitable organization and is exempt from tax under the Income Tax Act (Canada).

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations and include the following significant accounting policies:

a)Fund Accounting

The Organization uses the fund accounting method. Revenues and expenses are reported according to the fund within which the amounts relate.

The General Fund reports activity from operations and all other activities not reported in other funds.

The internally restricted Capital Fund reports contributions related to the future development of programs and services within our community collective and capital projects. Minor capital items that are replacement in nature are recorded as expenses in the Capital Fund. Assets and any liabilities associated with capital assets are included in this fund.

*b)*Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not- for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions based on currently available information. Such estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities as at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the year. Actual results could differ from the estimates used.

Significant estimates include the estimated useful life of capital assets.

c)Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of bank balances only.



NOTES TO FINANCIALSTATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2025

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

d)Capital Assets

Purchased capital assets are recorded at cost. Contributed capital assets are recorded at fair value at the date of contribution. Amortization is being provided on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the assets using the following annual rates:

	Rate
Building	4%
Other equipment	20 %
Playground equipment	20%

elImpairment of Capital Assets

When a tangible capital asset no longer contributes to an organization's ability to provide goods and services, or the value of future economic benefits or service potential associated with the tangible capital asset is less than its carrying amount, the net carrying amount of the tangible capital asset is written down to the asset's fair value or replacement cost.

Revenue Recognition

The Organization follows the restricted fund method of accounting for contributions and government and foundation grants. Externally restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the fund corresponding to the purpose for which they were contributed. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the General Fund. Restricted contributions for which there is no fund are accounted for using the deferral method.

Revenue from rental income is recognized if the amount to be received can be reasonably

estimated and collection is reasonably assured. Investment income is recognized as revenue when earned.

g)Contributed Capital Assets, Materials and Services

Contributed capital assets, materials and services are recorded at fair value when fair value can reasonably be estimated. The total value of contributed materials and services for the period was \$Nil (2024 - \$Nil).

Volunteers contribute significant hours per year to assist the Organization in carrying out its activities. Because of the difficulty of determining their fair value, contributed services are not recognized in the financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIALSTATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2025

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

*h)*Financial Instruments

Measurement of Financial Instruments

The Organization initially measures its financial assets and liabilities originated or exchanged in arm's length transactions at fair value. The Organization subsequently measures all its financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost.

Financial assets subsequently measured at amortized cost include cash, accounts receivable, and investments. Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost include accounts payable and accrued liabilities and accrued salaries and benefits.

The Organization has no financial assets measured at fair value and has not elected to carry any financial asset or liability at fair value.

Impairment

Financial assets measured at amortized cost are tested for impairment when events or circumstances indicate possible impairment. Write-downs, if any, are recognized in the deficiency of revenues over expenses and may be subsequently reversed to the extent that the net effect after the reversal is the same as if there had been no write-down. There are no impairment indicators in the current year.

2. INVESTMENTS

Investments are allocated as follows:

	\$ 788,685	\$ 759,417
General Fund - Internally restricted contingency reserve (Note 6)	 70,000	 70,000
General Fund	\$ 718,685	\$ 689,417
	2025	2024

NORTH YORK WOMEN'S SHELTER NOTES TO FINANCIALSTATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2025

3. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets consist of the following:

		2025		2024
	Cost	Accumulated Amortization	Net Book Value	Net Book Value
Building Other equipment Playground equipment	\$ 15,840,415 1,310,658 132,002	\$ 3,212,563 1,037,036 89,141	\$ 12,627,852 273,622 42,861	\$ 13,261,468 363,383 63,225
	\$ 17,283,075	\$ 4,338,740	\$ 12,944,335	\$ 13,688,076

Other equipment is comprised of equipment, the security system, furniture and fixtures and computers.

4. COMMITMENTS

The Organization has entered into a photocopier lease agreement expiring in July 2027. Annual lease payments over the next three years are as follows:

2026	\$ 4,082
2027	4,082
2028	 1,360
	\$ 9,524

5. TRANSFERS During the year, the Board of Directors approved by resolution, the transfer of assets

from the

General Fund to the Capital Fund to assist in covering the deficiency of revenues over expenses in the Capital Fund.

6. RESTRICTED NET ASSETS Internally Restricted Contingency Reserve The Board of Directors

established a contingency reserve of \$70,000 to provide for possible future reductions in revenues due to such events as fire or quarantine. In support of this reserve, a corresponding amount of investments held by the Organization have been internally restricted (Note 2).



NOTES TO FINANCIALSTATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2025

7. ECONOMIC DEPENDENCE

The Organization is economically dependent on the Ontario Ministry of Children, Community and Social Services ("MCCSS") for operating funding. Government grants include:

	2025	2024
Operating grants:		
MCCSS		
Violence Against Women	\$ 1,679,827	\$ 1,260,884
Programming - IPAC	-	102,000
Transitional and Housing Support	74,000	74,101
Programming - NAP GBV	63,153	63,153
Minor capital/capacity building	90,727	51,716
Child & Youth Residential Programming	49,122	<i>50,232</i>
Capacity	5,000	-
Pay equity	8,063	7,873
	\$ 1,969,892	\$ 1,609,959
Women and Gender Equality Canada	14,857	47,415
PNA Recovery		19,968
	\$ 1,984,749	\$ 1,677,342
Other significant funding includes:		
United Way funding - Contributions and corporate grants	\$ 150,000	\$ 150,000
Anne Marie D'Amico Foundation - Capital campaign contribution	s \$	\$ 51,335

8. CONTINGENT LIABILITY The Organization is contingently liable for the balance of the forgivable loan

from CMHC, which was

recognized as revenue when received in 2020 and 2021, if it does not meet the terms and conditions of the loan agreement. The amount of the contingent liability will decrease by \$220,782 annually until 2040 as the loan is forgiven in equal portions over 20 years. As of March 31, 2025, the balance of the forgivable loan is \$3,532,508 (2024 - \$3,753,290).

NOTES TO FINANCIALSTATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2025

9. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Risks and Concentrations

The Organization is exposed to various risks through its financial instruments. The following analysis provides a summary of the Organization's exposure to and concentrations of risk at March 31, 2025: *a*) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. The Organization is not exposed to significant credit risk.

b) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Organization will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The Organization is exposed to this risk mainly with respect to its accounts payable and accrued liabilities. The Organization manages this risk by constantly monitoring forecasted and actual cash flow and financial liability maturities, and by holding assets that can be readily converted into cash. There has been no change in the assessment of liquidity risk from the prior year.

c) Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: currency risk, interest rate risk, and price risk. The Organization is not exposed to significant market risk.



SCHEDULE1 - EXPENSES

For the year ended March 31,	2025	2024
STAFFING Salaries and benefits Recruitment and training Travel	\$ 1,723,666 27,073 6,012 \$ 1,756,751	\$ 1,782,521 103,483 6,651 \$ 1,892,655
PROPERTY Amortization Maintenance and repairs Utilities and cable Insurance Loss on disposition of capital assets	\$ 865,980 265,469 96,248 44,511 3,427 \$ 1,275,635	192,676 71,787 37,911 2,535
ADMINISTRATION Professional fees Consultants Information technology expenses Telephone Miscellaneous Fundraising, volunteer and membership Bank and payroll charges Office supplies Equipment lease and maintenance Board of Directors and AGM expenses	\$ 109,339 98,635 98,131 30,802 27,043 13,855 13,644 10,915 10,522 -	254,950 97,802 29,944 9,157 10,335 13,843 11,687 8,748 236
	\$ 412,886	<i>539,327</i> \$

SCHEDULE1 - EXPENSES(Continued)

For the year ended March 31,		2025	2024
RESIDENTS Food services Toiletries and infant supplies Cleaning and paper products Adults programs Children's recreation Special events Travel	\$	68,667 \$ 17,706 16,842 7,727 7,244 5,624 3,153 195	70,030 9,407 15,579 3,020 2,919 3,866 5,850 1,782
Supports Allowances (PNA)	<mark>\$ 1</mark>	<u>-</u>	762 113,215
SPECIAL PROGRAMS - IPAC	\$	- \$	102,000

